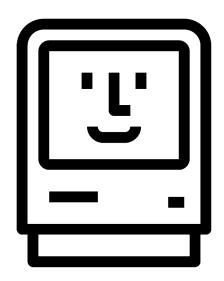


Summer of Fuzz





Agenda

- I. Intro
- II. Walkthrough
 - A. Debugging Tools
 - B. SIP and App Sandbox
 - C. Crash Reporting
 - D. Sleep 'n SSH
 - E. Monitoring Process Execution
 - F. Enumerating Handlers
 - G. Clients and Network Services

III. Fuzzing

- A. CLI/GUI Applications
- B. Network Clients and Servers
- C. Bugs
- IV. Conclusion



whoami

- Interested in bug hunting, fuzzing, offensive security these days
- Previously doing security stuff @ MSFT, AMZN, NVDA, CRM
 - Breaking stuff is the best
 - Native code, web services, cloud, containers, etc.
 - Attacking products and services and helping get them in better shape before release



Intro

Didn't know much about Mac security before this research





Intro

- I've been fuzzing for a while now
 - There's so many advances these days, especially with AFL++ and friends
- But wanted to look at it from a different angle
 - Forget a lot of what I knew, respectfully forgo conventional wisdom, etc.
 - Build something from scratch that serves a purpose
- Discussing various tricks and tooling for fuzzing userland on Mac



Intro

- Looking at core, default userland applications on OS X and OS 11
 - CLI / GUI apps
 - Network clients
 - Network servers
- How to setup debugging, enumerate targets and make stuff ./
 - Not for scaling a 1,000,000 iPhone fuzzing farm
 - Most of this stuff you can do at home with a Macbook



Related Prior Work

- Ben Nagy's stuff
 - https://github.com/bnagy/slides/blob/master/OSXScale.pdf
 - https://github.com/bnagy/francis/tree/master/exploitaben
- CrashWrangler
 - https://github.com/ant4g0nist/crashwrangler
- Inspiration to get back into fuzzing
 - https://tmpout.sh/1/5.html



Debugging

- Xcode Tools
 - Headless installation script
 - Enable developer mode
 - sudo DevToolsSecurity -enable



Debugging

Guard Malloc

- DYLD_INSERT_LIBRARIES=/usr/lib/libgmalloc.dylib target args
 - \blacksquare GuardMalloc[x-82750]: Allocations will be placed on 16 byte boundaries.
 - GuardMalloc[x-82750]: Some buffer overruns may not be noticed.
 - GuardMalloc[x-82750]: Applications using vector instructions (e.g., SSE) should work.
 - GuardMalloc[x-82750]: version 064544.67.1
 - Process 82750 stopped
 - * thread #1, queue = 'com.apple.main-thread', stop reason =
 EXC BAD ACCESS)
 - libsystem platform.dylib` platform memmove

"By default, the returned address for the allocation is positioned such that the end of the allocated buffer is at the end of the last page, and the next page after that is kept unallocated. Thus, accesses beyond the end of the buffer cause a bad access error immediately. When memory is freed, libgmalloc deallocates its virtual memory, so reads or writes to the freed buffer cause a bad access error..."



Debugging

- LLDB
 - Automate crash triage and produce bucketing data



- System Integrity Protection
 - Restricts even the root user
 - Only signed processes can modify /System, default Apps, startup disk, etc.
- Disable it for "free range" debugging



- Physical machine
 - Reboot into recovery mode (CTRL+R)
 - o csrutil disable or csrutil enable --without debug



- VMware Fusion
 - OS X 10
 - Reboot and CTRL+R, or....
 - VM Settings -> Startup Disk and hold down the Option key
 - "Restart to Firmware" will appear
 - Boot Manager -> Boot from the secondary added disk
 - Enter Recovery Mode, Utilities -> Terminal -> "csrutil disable" and reboot



VMware Fusion

- OS X 11
 - Create dummy VM with Mac Installer aka "Install Mac OS Big Sur"
 - Start the VM and immediately stop it
 - Go to the real VM and add the dummy disk "Temporary Installation Source Disk.vmdk"
 - Delete the dummy VM, then...
 - Go to VM Settings -> Startup Disk and hold down the Option key
 - "Restart to Firmware" will appear
 - Boot Manager -> Boot from the secondary added disk
 - Enter Recovery Mode, Utilities -> Terminal -> "csrutil disable" and reboot



App Sandbox

 "App Sandbox is an access control technology provided in macOS, enforced at the kernel level. It is designed to contain damage to the system and the user's data if an app becomes compromised."



App Sandbox

- Let's say mutated files placed in /tmp are passed as command line args to the app during execution
 - "The file couldn't be opened because you don't have permission to view it"
- Check the logs
 - log show --style syslog --last boot --predicate 'process == "kernel" AND eventMessage CONTAINS[c] "Sandbox"' | tail
 - localhost kernel[0]: (Sandbox) Sandbox: com.apple.BKAgen(628) deny(1) file-readdata /private/tmp/fuzz_cyhvkvha.epub



App Sandbox

- So where can we put test cases?
 - °/Library/Containers/<app-bundle-id>
- Passing files directly to the Books app
 - ^/Library/Containers/com.apple.iBooksX/Data/test.epub
- Can still double click to open an .epub file from ~/Downloads
 - But for fuzzing, store test cases in the local app folder



Crash Reporting

- Disabling ReportCrash
 - launchctl unload -w /System/Library/LaunchAgents/com.apple.ReportCrash.plist

ReportCrash analyzes crashing processes and saves a crash report to disk. A crash report contains information that can help a developer diagnose the cause of a crash. ReportCrash also records the identity of the crashing process and the location of the saved crash report in the system.log and the ASL log database.



Crash Reporting

- But enabling it can actually help gain visibility with some targets
 - launchctl load -w
 /System/Library/LaunchAgents/com.apple.ReportCrash.plist
- Let's say we're fuzzing an UDP server
 - If we can attach or run it in a debugger and catch crashes, that's fine
 - Otherwise, we can monitor ~/Library/Logs/DiagnosticLogs for crashes files for the process



Sleep

- …is important for humans
 - But when fuzzing on Mac, we need it to sleep... less
- Disable sleep modes while fuzzing sessions are running
 - systemsetup -setsleep Never
 - pmset, System Preferences, etc
 - KeepingYouAwake
 - Can set it to automatically activate on execution via URI or defaults command
 - These seem to work with local Terminal sessions, but need more adjustments for SSH...



SSH

- Fuzzing GUIs over SSH instead of the physical / desktop session
 - Try to keep SSH from timing out
 - "I'm alive" console pings built into the fuzzer
- Avoid interruptions like client loop: send disconnect: Broken pipe
 - sshd_config
 - TCPKeepAlive Yes
 - ClientAliveInterval 0
 - ClientAliveCountMax 0



Monitoring Process Execution

- sudo newproc.d | grep -Ev 'stuff-we-dont-care-about'
 - o Is
 - o csrutil status // checking if SIP is disabled so this can actually work
 - xpcproxy org.cups.cupsd
 - /usr/sbin/cupsd -I // turned on Printer Sharing
 - o /bin/launchctl unload -w /System/Library/LaunchDaemons/com.apple.smbd.plist // turned off File Sharing
 - /usr/bin/killall -HUP netbiosd
 - /usr/bin/killall -HUP smbd
 - $\circ \hspace{0.5cm} / System/Library/CoreServices/RemoteManagement/screensharingd.bundle/Contents/MacOS/screensharingd.bundle/Con$
 - $\circ \hspace{0.5cm} / System/Library/CoreServices/RemoteManagement/ScreensharingAgent.bundle/Contents/MacOS/ScreensharingAgent$
 - /System/Library/CoreServices/RemoteManagement/AppleVNCServer.bundle/Contents/Support/VNCPrivilegeProxy
 - /System/Applications/App Store.app/Contents/MacOS/App Store // opened the Appstore



- SwiftDefaultApps
 - Get URI handlers
 - ./swda getSchemes

addressbookafp

apconfig

applefeedback

applenews

applescript

cifs

cloudphoto

daap

dict

facetime

• fb

/System/Applications/Contacts.app

/System/Library/CoreServices/Finder.app

/System/Applications/Utilities/AirPort Utility.app

/System/Library/CoreServices/Applications/Feedback Assistant.app

/System/Applications/News.app

/System/Applications/Utilities/Script Editor.app

/System/Library/CoreServices/Finder.app

/System/Applications/Photos.app

/System/Applications/TV.app

/System/Applications/Dictionary.app

/System/Applications/FaceTime.app

/System/Library/CoreServices/AddressBookUrlForwarder.app

• file /System/Library/CoreServices/Finder.app

• ...

- ./swda getSchemes | wc -l
 - 101



- SwiftDefaultApps
 - Get file handlers
 - ./swda getUTIs | grep -Ev "No application set"

•	com.adobe.encapsulated-postscript
•	com.adobe.encapsulated-postscript

com.adobe.flash.video

com.adobe.pdf

com.adobe.photoshop-image

com.adobe.postscript

com.adobe.raw-image

com.apple.addressbook.group

com.apple.applescript.script

com.apple.archive
 Utility.app

• ...

/System/Applications/Preview.app

/System/Applications/QuickTime Player.app

/System/Applications/Preview.app

/System/Applications/Preview.app

/System/Applications/Preview.app

/System/Applications/Preview.app

/System/Applications/Contacts.app

/System/Applications/Utilities/Script Editor.app

/System/Library/CoreServices/Applications/Archive

- ./swda getUTIs | grep -Ev "No application set" | wc -l
 - 420



- But this doesn't necessarily tell you the file extensions
 - For example com.apple.applescript.script ->
 /System/Applications/Utilities/Script Editor.app
 - It's the default application for opening **.scpt** files



- Another way to dig around for file attack surface is asking questions
 - What files types are already included on the filesystem?

```
find / -type f -name '*.*' | sed 's|.*\.||' | sort -u | sed '/^.\{4\}./d' > file-types.txt
find / -name \*.eps -exec cp {} eps-files \;
```

- What mac apps might open file extension .eps?
 - https://www.google.com/search?q=%22mac%22+%22eps+file%22
- Map those to apps by correlating file handler information
 - com.adobe.encapsulated-postscript -> /System/Applications/Preview.app



- Did you know the "notepad equivalent" parses doc and rtf files?
 - com.microsoft.word.doc /System/Applications/TextEdit.app
 - public.rtf
 /System/Applications/TextEdit.app
 - 0 ...





- Some "files" are directories.
 - Calendar -> Export -> Calendar Archive... produces a .icbu file
 - \$ file test.icbu
 - test.icbu: directory
 - o Double click it on Mac, it opens like a file, acts like a file, but not actually a file
- This makes fuzzing such targets more difficult
 - Not simply mutating a file, but opening a directory and modifying the right files

Enumerating Network Processes

- dtrace -n 'syscall::recv*:entry { printf("-> %s (pid=%d)", execname, pid); }' >> recv.log
 - *wait a while, then ctrl+c*
- sort -u recv.log > procs.txt
- head procs.txt
 - recvmsg:entry -> adprivacyd (pid=48835)
 - recvmsg:entry -> amsengagementd (pid=594)
 - recvmsg:entry -> appstoreagent (pid=48874)
 - recvmsg:entry -> apsd (pid=108)
 - recvmsg:entry -> familycircled (pid=48775)
 - recvmsg:entry -> mDNSResponder (pid=185)
 - recvmsg:entry -> remindd (pid=70710)
 - 0



"Just turn everything on and check netstat / Isof"

```
netstat -an | grep LISTEN
                                              LISTEN
tcp4
        0
            0 *.631
            0 *.56352
                                              LISTEN
tcp4
        0
            0 *.3031
                                             LISTEN
tcp4
            0 *.445
                                              LISTEN
tcp4
            0 *.88
                                              LISTEN
tcp4
tcp46
                                              LISTEN
            0 *.3283
tcp4
        0
            0 *.5900
                                              LISTEN
        0
            0 127.0.0.1.49742
                                               LISTEN
tcp4
                                              LISTEN
        0
            0 *.22
tcp4
        0
            0 127.0.0.1.8021
tcp4
                                               LISTEN
             0 ::1.8021
                                               LISTEN
tcp6
        0
```

Enumerating Network Services

- "Just turn everything on and check netstat / Isof"
 - \$ Isof -i | grep LISTEN

SIN-2021 1

```
launchd
                       7u IPv6 0xa13e8b40a862b75b 0t0
                                                         TCP *:ssh
                 root
launchd
                       9u IPv6 0xa13e8b409c221dbb
                                                         TCP *:eppc
                 root
                                                    OtO
launchd
                      18u IPv6 0xa13e8b409c22241b
                                                    OtO
                                                         TCP *:rfb
launchd
                 root 53u IPv6 0xa13e8b40a862b0fb 0t0
                                                         TCP *:microsoft-ds
          121
kdc
                       5u IPv6 0xa13e8b409c222a7b
                                                         TCP *:kerberos
                 root
                                                    Ot0
screensha 497
                       4u IPv4 0xa13e8b409c229333
                                                    OtO
                                                         TCP *:rfb
                 root
                       9u IPv6 0xa13e8b40a862c41b
                                                         TCP *:net-
ARDAgent
          535
                                                    OtO
                  test
assistant
                                                          TCP *:51656
ODSAgent 44385
                       3u IPv6 0xa13e8b40a862bdbb
                                                    OtO
                 root
cupsd
          47781
                       5u IPv6 0xa13e8b409c2210fb
                                                    OtO
                                                          TCP localhost:ipp
                 root
```



- AFL
 - brew install afl-fuzz
 - o afl-fuzz -n -i pdf -o crashes yolo @@
 - [-] PROGRAM ABORT : Program 'yolo' is not a 64-bit Mach-O binary
- AFL++
 - git clone && make distrib
 - afl-fuzz -n -i pdf -o crashes yolo @@
 - [+] All set and ready to roll!



- What about GUI apps?
 - afl-fuzz -n -i ttc -o crashes -d -t 10000 -V 2 "/System/Applications/Font Book.app/Contents/MacOS/Font Book" @@
 - [-] PROGRAM ABORT : All test cases time out, giving up!
- Network fuzzing? Windows?
 - Respect to WinAFL and AFLNet, but they have their limitations too



Litefuzz

- "Just works" across the three major operating systems
 - Linux, Mac, Windows
- Supports file and network fuzzing, CLI or GUI, even interactive network GUIs
- Automatic crash triage and diffing
- Most useful for fuzzing closed source applications, clients and servers
- Built for bug hunters and does some neat things in an unorthodox fashion



- Breaks a lot of the rules for modern fuzzing
 - Doesn't do instrumentation
 - Not optimized for speed, execs/sec, etc.
 - Lacks native devops integration support
 - But it does find bugs



But then how do I know if the fuzzer is doing a good job?





Fuzzing

- Mac intricacies
 - Some GUI apps like...
 - Unique filenames
 - Files to have the right extension
 - Reading files within the sandbox
 - "/Library/Containers/com.apple.Safari/Data
 - "/Library/Containers/com.apple.iBooksX/Data/...
 - Also, some are hard to fuzz directly, eg. passing a file as command line arg
 - But many work just fine this "classic" way



Targeting Applications

- Step 1
 - Select a CLI or GUI target
 - iBooks, Font Book, pkgutil
- Step 2
 - Collect test files
 - Also keep in mind that some apps won't open the file if it's not a known extension and may prefer to only open files from certain locations
- Step 3
 - If the target doesn't exit on it's own, measure a reasonable timeout
- Step 4
 - Start fuzzing



iBooks

- 0 -
- -c "/System/Applications/Books.app/Contents/MacOS/Books FUZZ"
- -i files/epub
- -o crashes/ibooks
- -t /Users/test/Library/Containers/com.apple.iBooksX/Data/tmp // use this special temp directory
- -x 10 // max running time
- -n 100000
- o -ez



Font Book

- 0 -
- -c "/System/Applications/Font Book.app/Contents/MacOS/Font Book FUZZ"
- -i input/fonts
- -o crashes/font-book
- -x 2
- o -n 500000
- •• •• CZ // recycle any found crashes as new fuzzing inputs



pkgutil

litefuzz

- 0 -
- -c "pkgutil --expand FUZZ /tmp/test"
- -i input/pkg
- o -n 1000000
- o -ez

Note: if it's just a console app parsing files, you can use AFL in non-instrumented mode on it too



pkgutil

- cat /tmp/litefuzz/out
 - GuardMalloc[pkgutil-20655]: Allocations will be placed on 16 byte boundaries.
 - GuardMalloc[pkgutil-20655]: Some buffer overruns may not be noticed.
 - GuardMalloc[pkgutil-20655]: Applications using vector instructions (e.g., SSE) should work.
 - GuardMalloc[pkgutil-20655]: version 064544.67.1
 - Entity: line 1: parser error : Extra content at the end of the document
 - <?xm</p>
 - 0 ^
 - Could not open package for expansion: .../fuzz_lvfiyzax.pkg



Minimizing Crashes

- EXC_BAD_ACCESS_SIGSEGV_7fffxxxxxxxxxx_2b4e8f57a43e7c77bxxxx
 - [+] attempting to repro the crash...
 - [+] repro OK
 - [+] starting minimization
 - @ 6276/6276 (0 new crashes, **8618 -> 6277 bytes**, ~0:00:00 remaining)
 - [+] reduced crash @ pc=7fffxxxxxxxxx to 6277 bytes



Minimizing Crashes

```
EXC_BAD_ACCESS_SIGSEGV_7fffxxxxxxxxxx_2b4e8f57a43e7c77bxxxx
   @ 6276/6276 (0 new crashes, 8618 -> 6277 bytes....)
   [+] supermin activated, continuing...
   @ 5106/5106 (0 new crashes, 6277 -> 5106 bytes....)
   [+] reduced crash @ pc=7fff203b6588 to 5106 bytes
   @ 3958/3958 (0 new crashes, 3972 -> 3958 bytes....)
```

- [+] reduced crash @ pc=7fff203b6588 to 3958 bytes
- [+] achieved maximum minimization @ 3958 bytes



Console

Console app gives you additional visibility on the target application

```
09:12:06.654467-0700
                                            handle_error:269: PLTE: CRC error
                           sips
09:12:06.750138-0700
                                            handle_error:269: [FE]LTE: invalid chunk type
                           sips
09:12:07.062043-0700
                                            initialize:982: *** embeded '....' ColorSync profile doesn't match image 'RGB '
                           sips
09:12:09.121347-0700
                           sips
                                            handle_error:269: IHDR: CRC error
09:12:09.282021-0700
                           sips
                                            handle_error:269: IH[34][34]: invalid chunk type
09:12:10.671108-0700
                           sips
                                            handle_error:269: [B3][B3][B3][B3]: invalid chunk type
09:12:10.833472-0700
                           sips
                                            handle_error:269: oH[81]R: invalid chunk type
09:12:11.507019-0700
                           sips
                                            handle_error:269: [00][00][00][00]: invalid chunk type
```

sips (ImagelO)

Subsystem: com.apple.imageio Category: sips Details

handle_error:269: IH[34][34]: invalid chunk type



Targeting Clients

- Step 1
 - Select a network client
 - smbutil
 - CUPS
- Step 2
 - Capture and export the protocol data from the packets exchanged
 - eg. valid responses from servers
- Step 3
 - Fuzz!



smbutil

- o -lk
- -c "smbutil view smb://localhost:4455"
- o -a tcp://localhost:4455
- -i input/mac-smb-resp
- о -р
- o -n 100000
- **-Z** // malloc debugger



CUPS

- -lk
- -c "Ipadmin -h localhost:6631 -p test -E -v ipp://123" // connect to server listening on port 6631
- -a tcp://localhost:6631 // listen on port 6631 (don't interfere with real CUPS server on port 631)
- -i input/cups
- -o crashes/cups
- о -р
- o -x 2
- o -n 100000
- o -ez



Targeting Servers

- Step 1
 - Select network server(s)
 - Remote Management aka ARDAgentd aka VNC'ish server
 - /System/Library/CoreServices/RemoteManagement/ARDAgent.app/Contents/MacOS/ARDAgent
 - Screen Sharing aka screensharingd aka VNC server
 - /System/Library/CoreServices/RemoteManagement/screensharingd.bundle/Contents/MacOS/screensharingd
 - CD/DVD Sharing aka ODSAgent
 - /System/Library/CoreServices/ODSAgent.app/Contents/MacOS/ODSAgent
- Step 2
 - Capture and export the protocol data flying across the on the network
- Step 3
 - Fuzz!



ARDAgent

Isof -i | grep *:net-assistant

```
    ARDAgent 82822 user 6u IPv6 0x93eb6bf24ae78f55 0t0 UDP *:net-assistant // :3283
    ARDAgent 82822 user 7u IPv4 0x93eb6bf24ae748d5 0t0 UDP *:net-assistant
    ARDAgent 82822 user 9u IPv6 0x93eb6bf249f575a5 0t0 TCP *:net-assistant (LISTEN)
```

Also

-rwsr-xr-x 1 root wheel 2033200 Jan 1 2020 /System/Library/CoreServices/RemoteManagement/ARDAgent.app/Contents/MacOS/ARDAgent



ARDAgent

- litefuzz
 - 0 -9
 - // -ls -c "/System/Library/CoreServices/RemoteManagement/ARDAgent.app/Contents/MacOS/ARDAgent"
 - -a udp://10.0.0.100:3283
 - -i input/ard-pkt.bin
 - o -n 100000
- Catching crashes can be interesting for some targets
 - Enable ReportCrash and monitor /Library/Logs/DiagnosticLogs for reports
 - Kill packet sniffing and last few packets when crash is detected
 - ARDAgent in a debugger or attach and signal eg. when a crash is detected



0

0

0

 \bigcirc

 \bigcirc

ARDAgent

dtrace -n 'syscall::recv*:entry { printf("-> %s (pid=%d)", execname, pid); }'

1 215 recvmsg:entry -> ARDAgent (pid=78386)

1 215 recvmsg:entry -> ARDAgent (pid=78386)

1 215 recvmsq:entry -> ARDAgent (pid=78386)

1 215 recvmsq:entry -> ARDAgent (pid=78386)

recvmsg:entry -> ARDAgent (pid=78386)

0

215

215

215

215

215



screensharingd

- Isof -i :5900 | grep LISTEN
 - launchd 1 root 14u IPv6 0x1bc800334779b03 0t0 TCP *:rfb (LISTEN)
 - launchd 1 root 16u IPv4 0x1bc800334780653 0t0 TCP *:rfb (LISTEN)
 - screensha 48691 root fp.u IPv6 0x1bc800334779b03 0t0 TCP *:rfb (LISTEN)
 - screensha 48691 root fp.u IPv4 0x1bc800334780653 0t0 TCP *:rfb (LISTEN)
 - screensha 48691 root 3u IPv6 0x1bc800334779b03 0t0 TCP *:rfb (LISTEN)
 - screensha 48691 root 4u IPv4 0x1bc800334780653 0t0 TCP *:rfb (LISTEN)
- For some server processes, launchd runs them only upon connection



screensharingd

- litefuzz
 - O -S
 - -a tcp://localhost:5900
 - -i input/screenshared-session
 - --reportcrash screensharingd
 - -p
 - o -n 1000000
- Came across a potential exhaustion bug, but wasn't reproducible
 - crashes/screensharingd_XXXXXXXXXXXX_mac11.cpu_resource.diag



ODSAgent

- ODSAgent is a XML-based web service
 - Default is to prompt on request for access





ODSAgent

- o -S
- -a tcp://10.0.0.100:56156 (dynamic port)
- -i input/cd-dvd-sharing
- -p
- --reportcrash ODSAgent // check for system crash logs
- o -n 1000000



BONUS

- Fuzzing the classic 'say' app
 - \$ say -f talk.txt -i
 - how does this work?
- Computer voice reading garbled text++
 - It's funny for the first 10 seconds, then you'll want to mute your macbook:")
 - But is it possible to actually crash this thing?
 - "Input text is not UTF-8 encoded"





Bugs

- Fuzzed out bugs for various Mac apps and components such as
 - AppleScript
 - ColorSync
 - Syslog
 - 0 ...
- And more upcoming CVEs



Conclusion

- Maybe you're more interested in fuzzing on Mac now
 - There's a learning curve, but lots of core apps and attack surface
 - Must workaround / turn some security features off to get started
- Lots of good tools out there to make vuln research more efficient
 - Applying unconventional techniques in fuzzing can still yield good results





EOF